

Conceptual Review:

- Ways to change momentum (\vec{p}) and impulse: (\vec{J})

1) change velocity

2) change mass

3) change force

4) change time

$$\begin{array}{c} \vec{J} = \Delta \vec{p} = (\vec{p}_f - \vec{p}_i) \\ \parallel \quad \times \quad \parallel \\ \vec{F} \Delta t = m \Delta \vec{v} = m(\vec{v}_f - \vec{v}_i) \end{array}$$

When do collisions cause the highest force?

hit, both stop

hit, one bounces back, one stops

hit, both bounce back

Problem Types:

- Impulse-Momentum

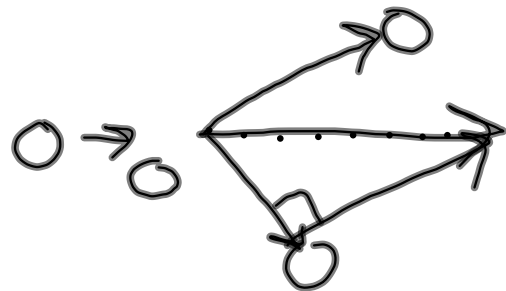
- 1-D:

eqns. on equation sheet {

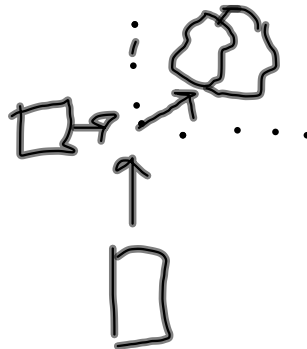
- Elastic
- Inelastic \rightarrow hit/stick
- Inelastic \rightarrow together/apart

- 2-D:

- Elastic

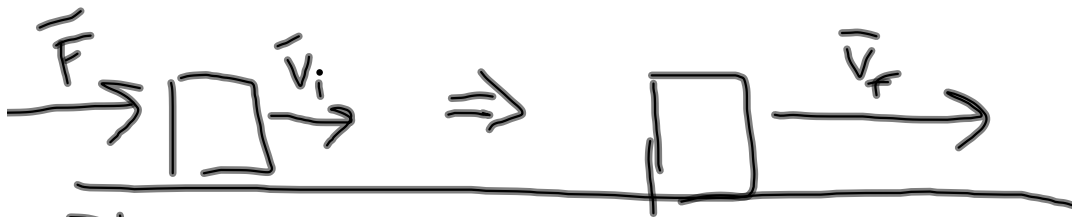


- Inelastic



A 25 N force is applied to a box for 10 s.

It has a mass of 10 kg, and had an initial velocity of 4 m/s. What is the box's final velocity after the 10 s?



$$\vec{F} = 25 \text{ N} \quad \vec{v}_i = 4 \text{ m/s} \quad \vec{v}_f = ?$$

$$\Delta t = 10 \text{ s} \quad m = 10 \text{ kg}$$

$$\vec{F} \Delta t = m \Delta \vec{v} = m (\vec{v}_f - \vec{v}_i)$$

$$v_f - v_i = \frac{F \Delta t}{m}$$

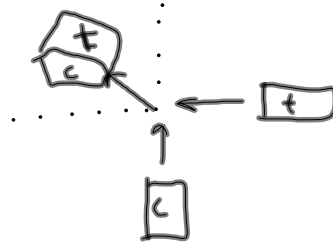
$$v_f = \frac{F \Delta t}{m} + v_i$$

$$= \frac{(25 \text{ N})(10 \text{ s})}{10 \text{ kg}} + 4 \text{ m/s}$$

$$= 29 \text{ m/s}$$

Test Review 2.14.12 CP Physics

A car traveling north at 40 m/s with a mass of 2200 kg collides and sticks to a truck traveling west at 28 m/s with a mass of 3100 kg. What is their final velocity after the collision?



X-direction: $\bar{P}_{fx} = \bar{P}_{ix}$

$$= \cancel{\bar{P}_{cix}} + \bar{P}_{tix}$$

$$= m_t \bar{v}_{tix}$$

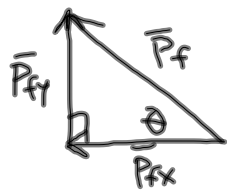
$$= 86800 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

Y-direction: $\bar{P}_{fy} = \bar{P}_{iy}$

$$= \bar{P}_{ciy} + \cancel{\bar{P}_{tiy}}$$

$$= m_c \bar{v}_{ciy}$$

$$= 88000 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$



$$\bar{P}_f^2 = \bar{P}_{fx}^2 + \bar{P}_{fy}^2$$

$$\bar{P}_f = 123605 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\bar{P}_{fy}}{\bar{P}_{fx}} \right)$$

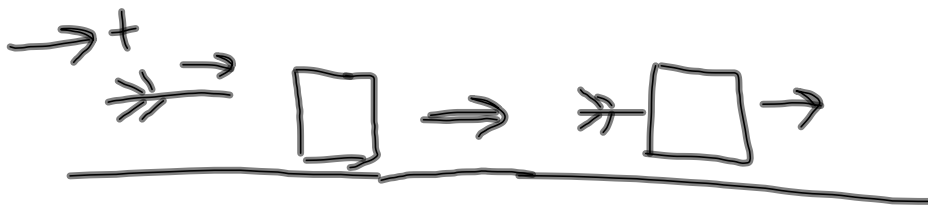
$$= 45.4^\circ$$

$$\bar{P}_f = m_{\text{total}} \bar{v}_f$$

$$\bar{v}_f = \frac{\bar{P}_f}{m_c + m_t} = 23.3 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\bar{v}_f = 23.3 \text{ m/s @ } 45.4^\circ \text{ N of W}$$

A dart hits and sticks in a block of wood ($m = 10 \text{ kg}$), and they slide together at a velocity of 8 m/s . If the dart has a mass of 0.605 kg , what was the dart's initial velocity?
(Block initially at rest)



1-D inelastic hit/stick

$$d = \text{dart} \quad b = \text{block} \quad m_d \vec{v}_{di} + m_b \vec{v}_{bi} = (m_d + m_b) \vec{v}_f$$

$$v_{di} = \frac{(m_d + m_b) v_f}{m_d}$$

$$= \frac{(.605 \text{ kg} + 10 \text{ kg})(8 \text{ m/s})}{.605 \text{ kg}}$$

$$= 140.2 \text{ m/s}$$